## **Research Scholars Profile**



Name of the Scholar	Truptirekha Patra
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Name of the Course	Ph.D. in Sociology
Registration No.	63/2021/Sociology
Name of the Department	P.G Department of Sociology, Sambalpur University, JyotiVihar,
& Address	Burla, Sambalpur, 768019, Odisha, India.
Name of the	Dr. TattwamasiPaltasingh, Professor,PG Department of
Supervisor&Correspondence	Sociology, Sambalpur University, JyotiVihar, Burla, Sambalpur, 768019,
Address	Odisha.
Details of the Fellowship	N.A
&Funding Agency	
Title of the Research	Development Discourse and Livelihood Transitions among PVTGs: A
Topic	Sociological Study on Hill Kharia and Mankirdia Communities in
	Odisha.
Abstract of the Research	Tribal community constitutes a significant proportion in India as well as
Work	inOdisha. Since time immemorial they are regarded as marginalized as
	well as deprived community. In contemporary time these communities
	are heading towards a paradigm shift with respect to their increasing
	exposure to the arena of development. Related changes are taking place
	and a substantial transition in their socio-cultural and economic life style
	is witnessed. With different development perspectives they are facing a
	condition of exclusion from themselves and their worldview. Among the
	tribal the condition of PVTGs is more vulnerable. These people are self
	excluded group having their own way of living and suffering from poverty and exclusion. After their recognition as PVTGs by
	DhebarCommission in 1995, they are confronting with various
	development programmes from time to time by the Government of India
	as well as from different organisations. In their changing development
	scenario, the optimistic transformation of these tribes is a question
	today. Furthermore Livelihood is an important indicator in the analysis
	of development of each group so as the PVTGs. Various studies have
	revealed that these communities have their own indigenous livelihood

	pattern which revolves around their habitat i.e forest. But a critical look
	on the livelihood perspective of these communities can reveal that their
	customary livelihood is greatly affected with the development
	dynamism. With this background, the broad objective of the study is to
	understand the traditional livelihood pattern of PVTGs and the impact of
	different development interventions on their livelihood pattern.
Progress of the Research	Successfully Registered for Ph.DProgramme and currently working on
Work	the literature review.
Participation in Conference	• Participated in the 10 days orientation programme on research
& Workshop	methodology during 26 <sup>th</sup> November to 6 <sup>th</sup> December,2018 organized
1	by the Institute for studies in Industrial Development sponsored by
	ICSSR.
	<ul> <li>Participated in the 15 days Research Development programme from</li> </ul>
	20 <sup>th</sup> July to 7 <sup>th</sup> September,2020 (2 session per week)on "Developing
	Research Ecosystem: An Interface between Researcher and Experts".
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	• Presented a paper on "Livelihood challenges with the Developmental
	Transitions: a Sociological Study among the PVTGs in Odisha"
	organised by Department of sociology and Global Centre for Rural
	Studies, Utkal University, Vanivihar, Bhubaneswar, Odisha.
	• Presented a paper on "Covid 19 an untouched pandemic for PVTGs
	of Odisha: issues and opportunities" organised by Department of
	social science Fakir Mohan University in collaboration with Indian
	Sociological Society and Ethnographic Folk Culture Society in 2020.
	• Presented a paper on "Challenges and Alternative Opportunities for
	Tribal Education: A Sociological Study in Mayurbhanj" organised by
	Rourkela Institute of Management Studies, Rourkela on "Recent
	Trends in Management, Commerce and Social Sciences-2018".
Awards	Qualified UGC NET.